Woods Cross Police Department

1555 s. 800 w. woods Cross, UT 84087



Information you need to know!

Domestic Violence

Stalking

Sexual Assault

Offenses against a Child or Vulnerable Adult

OFFICER:

CASE #:

24 HOUR DISPATCH: 801-298-6000

EMERGENCY #: 911

COMMUNITY RESOURCES:

The following are local shelters, services, and resources that are available to you in the community:

National Domestic Violence Hotline 800-799-7233 Davis County Jail 801-451-4500 Utah Office for Victims of Crime 801-238-2360 Lakeview Hospital 801-299-2200 Your Community Connection YCC 801-394-9456

The Lantern House Shelter 801-621-5036

Davis Behavioral Health 801-625-3700

Catholic Community Services 801-977-9119

LDS Family Services 801-294-0578

Mid-Town Community Health 801-393-5355

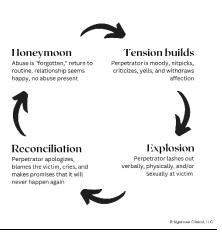
Safe Harbor: 801-444-9161

Receiving Center: 801-513-2800

VINE: (Victim Info & Notification Everyday)

You may sign up for this free service which allows victims to check an offender's custody status & register for automatic notification when a person is released from jail/prison.

www.vinelink.com 1-877-884-8463



Warning signs of abuse:

- Showing extreme jealousy of your friends or time spent away from them.
- Preventing or discouraging you from spending time with others, particularly friends, family members, or peers.
- Shaming you in front of other people.
- Preventing you from making your own decisions.
- controlling finances in the household without discussion.
- Pressuring you to have sex.
- Pressuring you to use drugs or alcohol.
- Intimidating you through threatening looks or actions.
- Insulting your parenting. Threatening to harm or take away your children or pets.
- Intimidating you with weapons like guns, knives, bats, or mace.
- Destroying your belongings or your home.

Cycle of Abuse:

Your Rights:

1. You have the right to ask for a civil protective order, whether criminal charges are filed or not.

2. You have the right to ask for a criminal protective order if criminal charges are filed.

3. You have the right to ask the prosecuting agency to file criminal charges if your abuser was not arrested or if the police closed their investigation without filing charges. Please remember that it is important to preserve evidence! You can contact the local prosecutor to review the case. You can contact the victim coordinator to request the status of your case.

4. You have the right to a copy of the police incident report free of charge from the police department.

5. You have the right to state, in writing, that you do not want or need the protections available to you as to "no contact" or "not coming to your residence". You cannot waive the protection of the arrested person not being able to threaten or harass you. (See notice of No Contact Requirement #2).

6. The forms needed in order to obtain a protective order are available from Safe Harbor. They can assist you in filling out the necessary paperwork.

Protective Orders:

A protective order is a court order instructing a person to cease from abusing or harassing the petitioner.

If you are afraid and need added protection, Protective Orders and Stalking Injunctions are available. They can be used to allow you the added distance and legal support you need to maintain your and your children's safety. mailto:https://www.utcourts.gov/en/self-help.html

What must the Respondent do?

- Not commit violence against people listed on the order.
- Not contact or communicate in any way with people listed on the order.
- Stay away from the petitioner's home, work, school, or place of worship.
- Comply with restrictions at the respondent's work, school, and place of worship.
- Not harm pets.
- Not possess, have, or buy a firearm or other type of weapon.
- If the respondent violates a protective order, they can be arrested and charged with a crime.

How to file a protective order:

Step 1: Go to Farmington's Second District Court. File appropriate paperwork with them. A temporary protective order will be placed.

(There is no fee to file a protective order.)

Step 2: The Courts will review your request.

Step 3: You (The petitioner) and the respondent will go to a hearing within 21 days of filing.

(The petitioner must show up to court.)

Step 4: The judge will decide whether to dismiss the temporary protective order, or to issue a final protective order. Final protective orders are valid for 150 days and may be extended.

If the respondent violated the protective order the petitioner may call 911 for help. The first violation consists of a Class A Misdemeanor, punishable by up to 364 days in jail. Subsequent violations consist of a Third-Degree Felony punishable by up to five years in Prison.

Utah Laws:

Under Utah Law 77-36-2.2 The primary duty of a Law Enforcement Officer responding to DV calls is to protect the Victim and enforce the Law.

"If the peace officer has probable cause to believe that there will be continued violence against the alleged victim, or if there is evidence that the perpetrator has either recently caused serious bodily injury or used a dangerous weapon in the domestic violence offense, the officer **shall** arrest and take the alleged perpetrator into custody and may not utilize the option of issuing a citation under this section."

Notice of Jail Release

1. The Alleged perpetrator will have no personal contact with the alleged victim.

2. The alleged perpetrator will not threaten or harass the alleged victim and

3. The alleged perpetrator will not knowingly enter onto the premises of the alleged victim's residence, or any premises temporarily occupied by the alleged victim's residence, or any premises temporarily occupied by the alleged victim.

4. The arrestee is required to personally appear in court the next day the court is open for business after the day of the arrest.

5.The arrestee may not contact you from jail. Violation is a class B misdemeanor.

Under Utah Law a victim of DV may sign a waiver releasing the no contact order. A waiver of Release Agreement must be signed.

Safe Harbor Act:

Any adult who resides with a person who owns a firearm(s) can deliver or have the firearm(s) removed from their residence for safekeeping if:

They believe that an adult resident with access to firearm(s) is an immediate threat to themselves or others.

Contact your local Police Department for further assistance.